# Delegating to an Al Assistant

Finding Tasks to Test



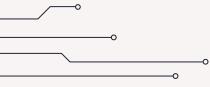
#### Purpose

- Find accessible opportunities to explore delegating tasks to Generative AI assistants
- Consider the relevant requirements for responsible AI use
- Run an experiment using these best practices to develop personal knowledge on Al's capabilities to help you.

## Background

Everyone brings different skills, knowledge, and responsibilities to their work, so the use cases that feel "game-changing" differ for each person. What works well enough for one case will not for another. One key skill in this stage of democratization of Al technology is identifying personal use cases that make a big difference in energy, time, and capability expansion.

One approach to identifying an opportunity to delegate work to Al successfully starts with a use case reported by others. This then requires a creative step: getting a sense of the reported case, identifying if there is anything you do that is similar, and turning that into an idea or a hypothesis of a delegation. The third step is testing whether the Al tool can safely help with the task and free up capacity for the human aspects of your work.



## **Step 1: Generating Ideas to Test**

These example tasks, although valuable and sometimes rewarding, can consume time and hinder a team's unique contribution. They are tasks a team might delegate to a competent assistant for a first draft. Here, they're grouped by stages of the research process.



#### 1. Prepare

Print out the document, make a copy to edit, or grab a notepad.



#### 2. Visualize

In each row, review the research task and nonprofit/B Corp analog. If you're familiar with that task, it may help to imagine the work and what, where, or when it involves "heavy lifting." The goal is just to remember what that task involves.



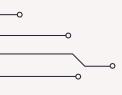
#### 3. Connect

Does a repetitive or time-consuming part of the research or the nonprofit / B Corp task remind you of anything in your work? Most of these aren't similar to any one person's work. This step is not a science. It's more like quick idea generation or brainstorming. It's putting something into your context, which Al can't do.



#### 4. Jot

If this is a work task you're responsible for, note it in the empty column to see if it's a workflow AI can assist with.



# **Research: Discovery**

Task	Social Impact Sector Example	What do you do that's like this?
Find and review related literature	Scan for best practices and funder priorities	
Identify related content and papers	Identify adjacent case studies, RFPs, model programs, or potential funders & partners	
Simplify texts	Translate policies, grant drafts, and forms into plain language	
Decipher complex docs/datasets	Extract requirements and deadlines from RFPs & regulations	
Bridge disparate academic disciplines	Bridge popular methods from one sector to another	

# **Research: Hypothesize**

Task	Social Impact Sector Example	What do you do that's like this?
Generate hypotheses at an accelerated rate	Generate proposals for program tweaks to lift enrollment and engagement	
Reveal gaps & overlooked hypotheses	Reveal underserved segments & opportunities	
Triage viability of ideas, allowing for "shotgun" multi-hypothesis testing	Triage pilot ideas before field tests	
Model theoretical approaches	Model scenario cost/impact trade-offs	

# Research: Analyze

Task	Social Impact Sector Example	What do you do that's like this?
Collect data	Collect and ingest public data and exported logs	
Mine data for correlations	Surface patterns in donations or intakes	
Analyze & process rapidly	Compute stats for outcomes by site or segment	
Detect new patterns	Detect early-warning signals for demand or dropout	
Interpret beyond human capacity	Interpret many joined data sources to reveal inclusion gaps	
Synthesize data to test new methods	Test out the statistical sensitivity of impact models	

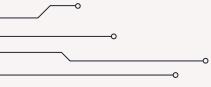
#### **Research: Write & Present**

Task	Social Impact Sector Example	What do you do that's like this?
Provide feedback on writing clarity	Tighten grant narratives & check readability	
Prep citations & bibliography	Prep complete references in evaluation reports	
Preprocess to accelerate peer-review step	Compliance sweep for required disclosures or citations & run a tough-review simulation	
Detect citation issues	Flag dubious or dated sources	
Visualize data	Visualize executive "bird's-eye" overviews & equity breakouts for boards	

## Pick Three for the Next Step

Review your ideas that are similar to your workflows. Which would be most valuable to get occasional help with? Is there anything significant for your team these days? Anything, especially time or energy draining? Anything a first draft would do most of the work? Try to star three options for the next step.

Seeing these opportunities may be an act of applied creativity supported by experimentation. But acquiring that experience involves safe use of Al tools and an understanding of where to maintain oversight.



## **Step 2: Human Oversight Checklist**



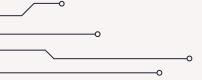
The next goal is to learn about the primary levels of risk in using AI in a workflow and the safeguards at each risk level, and then practice evaluating a potential application using your list from the previous step.



Today we'll only be doing experimentation, which the EU AI Act considers minimal risk. But if an experiment has a positive outcome, what then? Knowing the risk levels and their safeguards can help inform the risk/reward decision on whether it's a good idea to move forward to more regular workflow augmentation.



While today's new crop of advanced tools does augment work for missions, we humans must set purpose, boundaries, and verification requirements. As AI becomes democratized, everyone using it needs a basic idea of safe, responsible, ethical AI use.



## Al Workflow Safeguards: Least Risk

Al Application Impact Level	Looks Like:	Safeguard Checklist
Personal exploration	learning/experimenting; summaries, simplifications, idea sketches.	<ul> <li>Use non-sensitive, permission-safe data inputs.</li> <li>Be clear on your intent (e.g., articulate a one-liner in your head or at the top of the draft).</li> <li>Challenge &amp; verify assumptions of Al outputs before acting or sharing.</li> <li>Ensure there is a human owner responsible for any decision influenced by Al.</li> <li>Transparency: if sharing beyond your immediate working group, note that Al assisted the draft/analysis. It's even more transparent to note how/where it assisted.</li> </ul>

## Al Workflow Safeguards: Minimal Risk

Al Application Impact Level	Looks Like:	Safeguard Checklist
Personal ad-hoc, shared (limited risk)	drafts/charts you share with colleagues, but nothing is decided yet.	All the above +  □ Tiny header in the doc/message (goal, key sources, reviewer). □ Reviewer check before sharing outside your working group. □ Light provenance in the deliverable (key prompt/snippet + sources).

## Al Workflow Safeguards: High Impact

Al Application Impact Level	Looks Like:	Safeguard Checklist
Team pilot or decision-influencing (human-bounded) will change a resource allocation, public statement, eligibility, or external deadline	a time-boxed try-out whose results may shape choices (outreach variants, trial dashboards, "shotgun" hypothesis triage).	<ul> <li>All the above +</li> <li>Map stakeholders and potential impact.</li> <li>Ethical use checklist (consent, measures, data handling, rollback).</li> <li>Monitoring plan with stop/escape rule.</li> <li>Subgroup check + an independent source for consequential claims.</li> <li>Decision note (what we will / won't change based on results).</li> </ul>

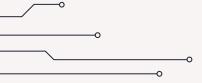
Al Workflow Safeguards: Acceptable High-Impact

Al Application Impact Level	Looks Like:	Safeguard Checklist	
Operational/official use  will change a resource allocation, public statement, eligibility, or external deadline routine and relied upon	deployed workflows; affects eligibility, prioritization, benefits, compliance, or public statements.	All the above +  □ Formal policies, roles, and training (human decision authority explicit). □ Impact/risk assessment (e.g., equity review / DPIA-style). □ Robust monitoring and incident response. □ Full provenance and audit trail (prompts, versions, sources). □ External transparency appropriate to the context.	

## **Quick Self-Inventory**

Look back at the tasks in "Do you ever do anything like this?" that you starred. For each,
estimate its impact level to estimate the oversight needed.

#	Task	Impact level
1.		
2.		
3.		



## **Step 3: Try one low-impact micro-pilot**

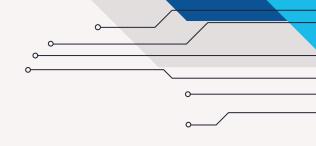
Pick one task you marked from the lower risk profiles of *personal exploration* or *personal ad-hoc (shared)*. Run the following micro-pilot.

1. One-line intent (goal + audience)	Write it at the top of your draft.	
2. Data check	Only public/permission-safe inputs	
3. Run it	30–40 min of focused work	
4. Verify	Quick second-source or sample spot-check before you act/share.	
5. Share with a reviewer (if outside your working group)	Add a tiny header: goal, key sources, reviewer	
6. Capture three bullets of learning	Keep/kill/fine-tune decision; note time saved and any issues.	
7. (If shared outside your working group) Add a one-line disclosure that Al assisted.	e.g., "Al-assisted drafting/analysis; human-reviewed."	

## Step 4: Reflect

- What surprised you (good or bad)?
- Where did AI help, and where did it hurt quality or clarity?
- Roughly how much time did you reclaim? What rework did you avoid?
- Any accuracy, bias, or privacy issues observed? What will you change next time?
- Reviewing the list of tasks from part 1, do any new ideas for experiments show up?

You don't have to adopt AI all at once. Start where the stakes are low and the learning is high. Try one micro-pilot, write down what you learned, and let that lesson pay for the next step.



# Thanks!

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